

Reactor Developer Perspectives on Opportunities for Improvement

NRIC-NEI-EPRI Nuclear Quality Assurance Challenges Workshop

Abbey J. Donahue, PE Chief Engineer BANR 12/5/2024



BWX Technologies employs nuclear technology to solve some of the world's most important problems

OUR MISSION

- Global Security
- Clean Energy
- Nuclear Medicine
- Space Exploration
- Environmental Remediation

\$2.5B

2023 Revenues

415

Reactors delivered for Naval Nuclear Power

300+

Commercial nuclear steam generators

7,800+

Employees



165-Year History of Innovation







NON-NUCLEAR

NUCLEAR

BWXT ERA



60+ Years of Commercial Nuclear Power Experience

#1 Supplier & Sole Manufacturer

of large nuclear components in North America

Strong

customer relationships

Developer of CANDU

On-Power Refueling Technology

1 of 2

Fuel manufacturers in the Canadian market

Specialized

Field services capabilities



Recurring Installed Bas

- CANDU fuel
- Fuel handling
- Inspection & maintenance services
- Waste containers
- Engineering services
- Field services

Original Equipment Life Extension / New Build / SMR

- Steam generators
- Reactor pressure vessels
- Heat exchangers
- · Specialty reactor components
- · Waste containers
- Engineering services
- · Field services



Paper Reactor Memo by Admiral Hyman Rickover

The Journal of Reactor Science and Technology, Volume 3, No. 3

Academic reactor:

- It is simple.
- It is small.
- It is cheap.
- It is light.
- It can be built very quickly.
- It is very flexible in purpose.
- Very little development is required.
- Mostly "off-the-shelf" components.
- The reactor is in development; not being built.

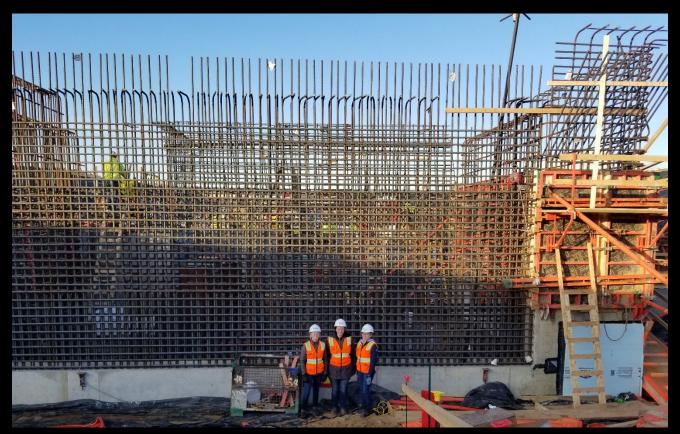
Practical reactor:

- It is being built now.
- It is behind schedule.
- Requires immense development.
- It is very expensive.
- It takes a long time to build
- It is large.
- It is heavy.
- It is complicated.

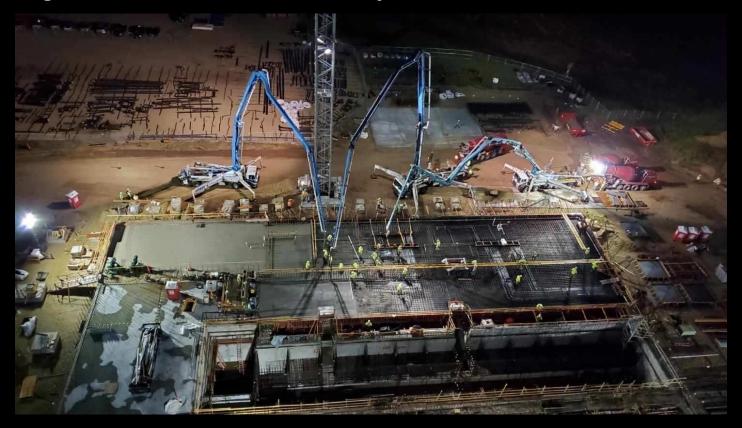








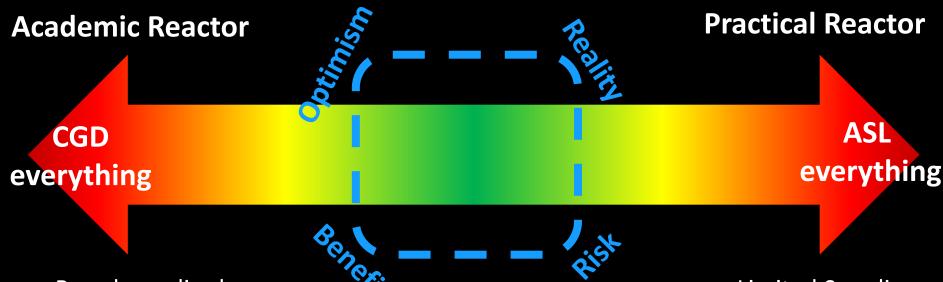








Commercial Grade Dedication - Challenges



- Broad supplier base
- Shorter lead times
- Lower Cost
- Higher risk to implementation

- Limited Suppliers
 - Long lead times
 - Higher Cost
- Lower risk to implementation



Caveats & Acknowledgements

Neither approach will eliminate all causes of delays and overruns

Non-Conformances



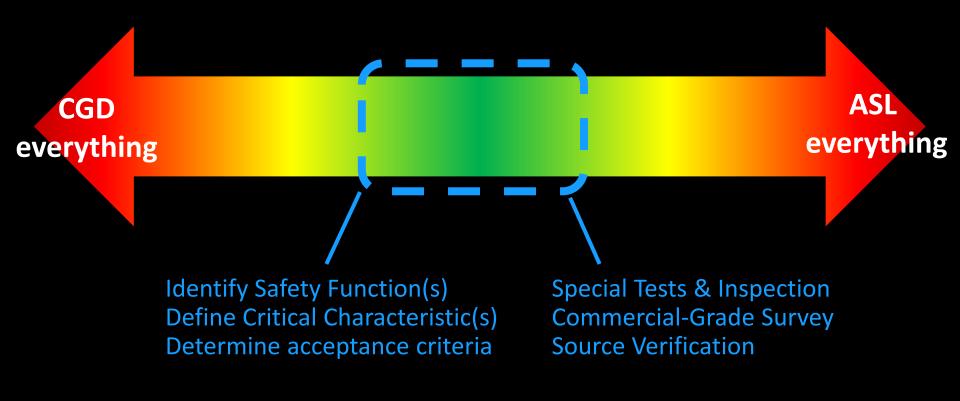


Interference & Fit-up





Commercial Grade Dedication – Finding the Sweet Spot



Existing Resources and Guidance

- NRC Reg Guide 1.164
- EPRI TR-106439
- EPRI 3002002982
- EPRI Report TR-017218
- NEI 17-06
- IEEE Std 323
- DOE-HDBK-1230-2019
- EPRI CBT
- NEI workshops/training

Is this enough?

In-person training,
workshops, and practice
increase confidence
and application.



Looking Forward: What about computational software?

- Manufacturing advances outpacing computational capabilities
- New codes and methods, e.g. NEAMS tools, suitable for proof-of-concept, prototyping, testing.
- V&V is a long way off, and often requires experimental benchmarks





Closing thoughts

- CGD is an important to the advanced reactor community
- CGD is not a magic bullet for cost and schedule concerns
- Choosing to CGD (or not) should be weighed carefully based on the item's function and the ability to verify its critical characteristics
- More workshops / training needed to increase confidence in success
- More attention should be given to new/emerging software V&V